

## Cloud Web Security Using AnyConnect

Technology Design Guide

August 2014 Series



# Table of Contents

Preface	1
CVD Navigator	2
Use Cases	2
Scope	2
Proficiency	
Introduction	3
Technology Use Cases	
Use Case: Secure Remote Worker Web Traffic	
Design Overview	4
Deployment Details	6
Configuring Cloud Web Security for Remote Laptop Devices	6
Appendix A: Product List	28
Appendix B: Configuration Example	29
RAVPN: VPN-ASA5525X	29
Appendix C: Changes	45

# Preface

Cisco Validated Designs (CVDs) present systems that are based on common use cases or engineering priorities. CVDs incorporate a broad set of technologies, features, and applications that address customer needs. Cisco engineers have comprehensively tested and documented each design in order to ensure faster, more reliable, and fully predictable deployment.

CVDs include two guide types that provide tested design details:

- **Technology design guides** provide deployment details, information about validated products and software, and best practices for specific types of technology.
- Solution design guides integrate existing CVDs but also include product features and functionality across Cisco products and sometimes include information about third-party integration.

Both CVD types provide a tested starting point for Cisco partners or customers to begin designing and deploying systems.

### **CVD Foundation Series**

This CVD Foundation guide is a part of the *August 2014 Series*. As Cisco develops a CVD Foundation series, the guides themselves are tested together, in the same network lab. This approach assures that the guides in a series are fully compatible with one another. Each series describes a lab-validated, complete system.

The CVD Foundation series incorporates wired and wireless LAN, WAN, data center, security, and network management technologies. Using the CVD Foundation simplifies system integration, allowing you to select solutions that solve an organization's problems—without worrying about the technical complexity.

To ensure the compatibility of designs in the CVD Foundation, you should use guides that belong to the same release. For the most recent CVD Foundation guides, please visit the CVD Foundation web site.

### **Comments and Questions**

If you would like to comment on a guide or ask questions, please use the feedback form.

# CVD Navigator

The CVD Navigator helps you determine the applicability of this guide by summarizing its key elements: the use cases, the scope or breadth of the technology covered, the proficiency or experience recommended, and CVDs related to this guide. This section is a quick reference only. For more details, see the Introduction.

### **Use Cases**

This guide addresses the following technology use cases:

• Secure Remote Worker Web Traffic–All web traffic to the Internet from remote-access VPN users accesses the Internet through the Cisco Cloud Web Security service, which provides granular control over all web content that is accessed.

For more information, see the "Use Cases" section in this guide.

### Scope

This guide covers the following areas of technology and products:

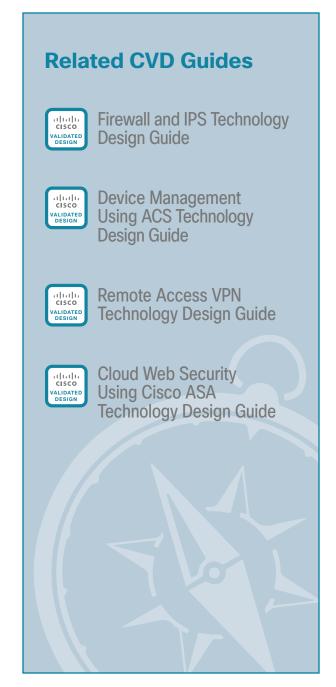
- Cisco ASA 5500-X Series Adaptive Security Appliances for client-based remote-access VPN
- Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client for remote users
   who require full network connectivity
- Cisco Cloud Web Security provides granular control over all web content that is accessed

For more information, see the "Design Overview" section in this guide.

## Proficiency

This guide is for people with the following technical proficiencies—or equivalent experience:

- CCNA Routing and Switching–1 to 3 years installing, configuring, and maintaining routed and switched networks
- CCNA Security–1 to 3 years installing, monitoring, and troubleshooting network devices to maintain integrity, confidentiality, and availability of data and devices



To view the related CVD guides, click the titles or visit the CVD Foundation web site.

# Introduction

One of the most profound advances in modern networks is the degree of mobility those networks support. Users can move around wirelessly inside the campus and enjoy the same degree of connectivity as if they were plugged in using cables in their offices. Users can leave their primary networks completely and work from a home-office environment that offers the same connectivity and user experience as they would get in their offices. Users also have the option of being truly mobile and connecting from any place that offers Internet access. With smartphones and tablets, this mobility now commonly includes connecting while travelling down the highway or on a train. This guide applies primarily to the truly mobile users who use a laptop, smartphone, or tablet device to connect through infrastructure that is not provided by their organizations. The guide does not cover use cases related to campus wireless access or home teleworker solutions.

## **Technology Use Cases**

As users move outside the boundaries of the traditional network, their requirements for access to job-related data, such as email, calendars, and more, don't change. In order for people to be productive, organizations need to allow them access to the network from wherever they are and to whatever data they need, using any device the organization allows. At the same time, organizations must ensure that all access to the network is secure and appropriate and that it follows organizational guidelines.

Mobile, remote users connect to the network by using devices that can generally be broken down into two categories: laptop computers and other mobile devices, such as smartphones and tablets. Networks have handled laptops for years, but integrating the other mobile devices continues to challenge network design and administration.

An organization's network must meet many requirements today that are sometimes contradictory. The network must be secure and prevent unauthorized access while being open enough to allow users to do their jobs regardless of where they are. As the mobility of users has increased, the requirements the network must meet have increased. In the past, a worker might have needed laptop connectivity while at the office or at home. Today, a worker needs access to the network from a smartphone while traveling, from a laptop while on site at a customer's or partner's office, or from both while sitting in the local coffee shop. Although providing this access is the primary requirement for the network, other requirements, such as ease of use and security, have not been relaxed.

Because these mobile users are outside the traditional perimeter (or physical border) of the network, their devices are exposed to potentially more malicious activity than a device that is located inside the protection of the network. So protection of the end device and the data being accessed and stored is critical. The mobile user's device needs to have protection from threats such as malware and viruses. Ideally, this protection occurs even if the device is not connected to the headquarters' network or if such a connection isn't possible. Because many mobile devices are smaller and are used much more often than a laptop, they are also more easily lost or stolen. These devices potentially carry the same information that a laptop might, so there is a need to protect the data on the devices and prevent unauthorized users from retrieving it.

As a standard part of their processes and guidelines, many organizations are required to control what sites users access on the Internet while they are using organizational resources. Providing this level of control for mobile users who do not reside within the boundaries of the network is challenging. In order to provide a complete solution, the network enforces standard access guidelines on the device, whether the device resides inside the headquarters or is connecting from a coffee shop. End users should have similar experiences inside or outside the traditional network perimeter, as well as the same protection from malware.

#### Use Case: Secure Remote Worker Web Traffic

As more users move outside the boundaries of the network, a corresponding increase in network load occurs on the organization's Internet connection. This load increase can raise costs. Intelligent routing of traffic is a priority to control which traffic from a user has to go through the Internet edge component of the organization's network and which traffic can be kept out on the Internet. Reducing security on this traffic is not an option that is readily available. Traffic destined for the Internet that has to be brought back to the Internet edge for security inspection increases bandwidth usage and load on the Internet edge design, while increasing latency on user connections.

It is suboptimal to force all user traffic to the central site when using a remote-access VPN. This central-tunneling approach adds increased latency to Internet bound user traffic and unnecessarily congests the central site's Internet link. Enabling the Cisco AnyConnect Cloud Web Security (CWS) module allows an organization to use a split-tunneling approach. Only traffic destined to the organization is sent to the central site. All web traffic to the Internet from remote-access VPN users accesses the Internet through the cloud-based CWS service.

This design guide enables the following security capabilities:

- Redirect web traffic—The CWS module can be installed along with the Cisco AnyConnect client, allowing web traffic to be transparently redirected to the Cisco CWS service. The CWS module is administered centrally on the remote access VPN (RAVPN) firewall and requires no additional hardware. Once installed, the CWS module continues to provide web security even when disconnected from the RAVPN firewall.
- Filter web content-Cisco CWS supports filters based on predefined content categories, as well as custom filters that can specify application, domain, content type, or file type. The filtering rules can be configured to block or warn based on the specific web usage policies of an organization.
- Protect against malware—Cisco CWS analyzes every web request to determine if the content is
  malicious. CWS is powered by the Cisco Security Intelligence Operations (SIO), the primary role of which
  is to help organizations secure business applications and processes through identification, prevention,
  and remediation of threats.
- Apply differentiated policies—The Cisco CWS web portal applies policies on a per-group basis. Group
  membership is determined by the group authentication key assigned within the Cisco AnyConnect CWS
  profile on the RAVPN firewall.

### **Design Overview**

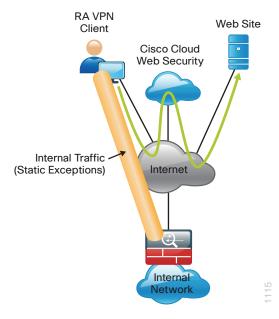
The CVD Internet edge design provides the basic framework for the enhancements and additions that will be discussed in this guide. A prerequisite for using this design guide is that you must have already followed the guidance in the Remote Access VPN Technology Design Guide, which itself builds upon the Firewall and IPS Technology Design Guide.

Mobile remote users connect to their organization's network by using devices that generally fall into two categories: laptops and mobile devices such as smartphones and tablets. Because the devices operate and are used differently, the capabilities currently available for each group differ.

The Internet edge design covers RAVPN for laptops running the Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Solution client (for SSL VPN or IP Security [IPsec] connections). A feature built into the Cisco AnyConnect 3.1 client is the cloud connector for Cisco Cloud Web Security (CWS) service, formerly known as *Cisco ScanSafe Cloud Web Security*. Cisco CWS is a web security service that provides threat protection and control for organizations delivered through the cloud.

Cloud connectors are software components embedded in, hosted on, or integrated with platforms in order to enable or enhance a cloud service. The native integration of the Cisco AnyConnect CWS module with the AnyConnect client, which provides remote users with transparent access to a cloud service, is classified as an embedded cloud connector application.

This cloud connector, known as the Cisco AnyConnect Cloud Web Security Module, gives the AnyConnect client the ability to let Internet web traffic go out through a CWS proxy directly to the destination without forcing it through the organization's headend. Without Cisco CWS, the traffic must be routed down the VPN tunnel, inspected at the campus Internet edge, and then redirected to the original destination; this process consumes bandwidth and potentially increases user latency. With Cisco CWS, the connection can be proxied through the Cisco CWS cloud and never has to traverse the VPN tunnel.





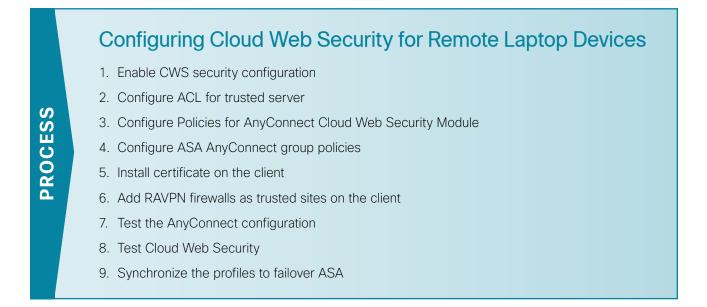
Mobile devices such as the iPhone and iPad and some Android devices have access to the Cisco AnyConnect 3.1 client, which allows Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) VPN connectivity (check the app store for the device in question for availability). Using Cisco AnyConnect to connect the device to the corporate network provides full access to the internal network.

Only the Cisco AnyConnect 3.1 client for Windows and Mac OS X include support for the Cisco AnyConnect CWS Module. Other types of mobile devices must connect to their primary site RAVPN firewall and secure their web traffic with resources located at the primary site. The use of CWS at the primary site is covered in the Cloud Web Security for Cisco ASA Technology Design Guide.

This document covers the additional configuration for remote access VPN for the Cisco AnyConnect 3.1 client that is required to activate Cisco CWS. It also covers interaction with the Cisco CWS management tool, ScanCenter.

# Deployment Details

This section describes how to configure the components needed to enable Cisco CWS service for Cisco AnyConnect 3.1 users who connect to an organization's network with laptop devices.



#### Procedure 1 Enable CWS security configuration

This guide assumes you have purchased a Cisco CWS license and created an administrative CWS account that allows a user to log in and manage the account.

If you want to apply specific policies based on user identity, you must have groups built in Active Directory (AD) in order to allow differentiation based on group membership.

**Step 1:** Access the Cisco CWS ScanCenter Portal at the following location, and then log in with administrator rights:

https://scancenter.scansafe.com

#### Step 2: Navigate to Admin > Management > Groups.

#### Tech Tip

Policy can differ based on group assignment. The simplest method for assigning group membership is to generate a unique key for a group and use that key during deployment to group members. If more granular policies are required, other methods for group assignment include IP address range or mapping to an Active Directory group.

Cisco Cloud Web Secur	ty logged into: Cisco Validated Design Group	Help   Guides   Loqout
Your Account   Authentication  Manage	Home         Dashboard         Web Virus         Spyware         Web Filtering         Email           ement         4         Audit         4         HTTPS Inspection         4         Downloads         4	Admin Reports
Manage Groups		
Manage Groups	Search Reload list 🚱	
	Nothing found to display	
	Add Custom Group Add Directory Group	

#### Step 3: Click Add Custom Group.

**Step 4:** On the Add New Custom Group pane, enter the group name (Example: CWS AnyConnect), and then click **Save**.

A group-specific authentication license key is generated for use in the Cisco ASA VPN configuration.

Step 5: Navigate to Authentication > Group Keys.

**Step 6:** For the group created in Step 4, click **Create Key**. ScanCenter generates a key that it sends to an email address of your choosing.

Your Account	Authentication      Mana	Home Dashboa	rd Web Virus Spy	ware Web Filtering	Email Ad	min Report
				. 101		
Group Auther	ntication Keys					
	Create, activate and deactivate					
	To add or delete a group, go to the "G					
					Reload list 🚱	
	To add or delete a group, go to the "G	Froups" link in the "Management		Action	Reload list 🚱	
	To add or delete a group, go to the "G Search: AnyConnect	Groups" link in the "Management	menu or <u>click here</u>	Action Create Key		
	To add or delete a group, go to the "G Search: AnyConnect Group Name	Broups" link in the "Management Search Key Ref () No key	menu or <u>click here</u> State			

**Step 7:** Store a copy of this key by copying and pasting it into a secure file because it cannot be rebuilt and can only be replaced with a new key. After it is displayed the first time (on generation) and sent in email, you can no longer view it in ScanCenter. After this key is generated, the page options change to **Deactivate** or **Revoke**.

#### Step 8: Navigate to Web Filtering > Management > Filters.

i	Tech Tip
	filtering policy in this guide is an example only. The actual policy implemented Id align with the organization's security policy and business requirements.

#### Step 9: Click Create Filter.

**Step 10:** Assign a name to the filter (Example: Filter Blocked Sites), select the categories blocked by your organization's policy (Examples: Pornography and Hate Speech), and then click **Save**. Access to these categories is completely restricted.

Step 11: Click Create Filter.

**Step 12:** Assign a name to the filter (Example: Filter Warned Sites), select the categories that are considered inappropriate by your organization's policy (Example: Gambling), and then click **Save**. Access to these categories is permitted, but only after accepting a warning message.

CISCO Cloud Web Security logged into: Cisco Validated Design Group Help   Guides   Logout									
Management Notific		Dashboard Web Virus Spyware V	/eb Filtering	Email	Admin Reports				
Web Filtering > Management > Filter	rs > Manage Filters	rs 🔣 Edt Filter 👼 Create Filter							
	List of Filters								
	Filter Name	Created on	Edit	Delete					
	Filter Blocked Sites	01 May 13 17:15 UTC	D/	ŵ					
	Filter Warned Sites	01 May 13 17:16 UTC	E	Ê					
	<u>default</u>	15 Feb 11 10:18 UTC	e/						

Step 13: Navigate to Web Filtering > Management > Policy.

Step 14: Select the Rule name Default, change the rule action to Allow, and then click Save.

Step 15: Click Create Rule.

Step 16: Assign a name to the rule (Example: Block\_Blocked\_Sites), and then select Active.

Step 17: From the rule action list, choose Block.

Step 18: In the Define Group pane, click Add group.

Step 19: In the dialog box, in the Search box, enter the name of the group created in Step 4, and then click Go.

1 Groups of 4	Search AnyConnect	×
# A B C D E F G	H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U Y W X Y	z
CWS AnyConnect	Select	

Step 20: Click Select, and then click Confirm Selection.

**Step 21:** In the Define Filters pane, click the down arrow labeled **Choose a filter from the list**, select the filter created in Step 10 (Example: Filter Blocked Sites), and then click **Add**.

Step 22: Click Create rule. The policy rule has now been created.

Cisco Cisco	Cloud Web Security	y logged int	o: Cisco Validated Design Gro	up	Ŀ	elp   Guides   Loqout
	_	Home Dashboard Web Vi	rus Spyware We	b Filtering Email	Admi	n Reports
Management 🔹	Notifications					
Web Filtering > Management	> Policy > Create Rule					
	_					
	1	Manage Policy	Create Rule			
Name	Block_Blocked_Sites				Active 🔽	
Descr	iption Apply Rule Action "Bloc	k" to filter "Filter Blocked Sites" for group	"CWS AnyConnect"			
Rule A	Action 🗢 Block 💌					
r Defi	ne Group ("WHO")					
		. To set a group as an exception to the	rule, select the correspondin	g "Set as Exception" box	(action of	
NOT)						
		anyone. Adding multiple groups has the ober of both a regular group and an exce			roups listed	
		iber of boar a regular group and an exce	paon group are rate without b	Set as Exception	Delete	
	oup			Set as Exception		
	S AnyConnect d Group 🕀				<b>1</b>	
	a croap of					
_ Defi	ne Filters ("WHAT")					
Choo	se a Filter from the list and click "Add".	To set a Filter as an exception to the rule	, select the corresponding "S	et as Exception" box (ac	tion of NOT).	
Ad	d Filter Filter Blocked Sites	✓ Add ⊕				
Filt	ter			Set as Exception	Delete	
Filte	r Blocked Sites				會	
	ne Schedule ("WHEN")	id". To set a Schedule as an exception to	the rule select the correspo	nding "Set as Exception"	hox (action	
of NC		a . To see a serieudie as arrexception to	are rule, select the correspo	nung set us exception	box (action	
Addin	ng multiple schedule is not recommende	d unless one is going to be "Set as Excep	ion" (action of "AND NOT")			
Ad	d Schedule Choose a schedule from	the list 💌 Add 🕀				
Sci	hedule			Set as Exception	Delete	
any	time				Ŷ	
Reset	l				Create Rule	

Next, create a new rule.

Step 23: Click Create Rule.

Step 24: Assign a name to the rule (Example: Warn\_Warned\_Sites), and then select Active.

Step 25: From the Rule Action list, choose Warn.

Step 26: In the Define Group pane, click Add group.

Step 27: In the dialog box, in the search box, enter the name of the group created in Step 4, and then click Go.

Step 28: Click Select, and then click Confirm Selection.

Step 29: In the Define Filters pane, click the down arrow labeled Choose a filter from the list, select the filter created in Step 12 (Example: Filter Warned Sites), and then click Add.

Step 30: Click Create rule. The policy rule has now been created.

Because all rules are evaluated on a first-hit rule, the following is the correct order for the rules in this example:

- 1. Block Blocked Sites (which blocks access to restricted categories)
- 2. Warn Warned Sites (which allows access to sites but with a warning)
- 3. Default (which permits all other sites to all groups)

CI	sco	Cisco Cloud We	eb Security	logged into: Cisco	o Validated Design Group			Help	Guides Loqou
			Home D	ashboard Web Virus	Spyware Web F	iltering E	mail	Admin	Reports
Man	agemen	t • Notifications	•						
Neb Fi	Itering >	Management > Policy > Manage	Policy						
			III Manage Policy	e Edit Rule	Dula				
Rules	higher in		lower ones. Use the arrows to chan	ne the priority of each rule by m	noving them up or down i	n the list.			
Please and a Ther	e note tha nonymiza e is a ma	it anonymization rules are treate tion will always take precedence.	d separately from the main policy. H	ge the priority of each rule by m			in the same wa	ay as the re	st of the rules,
Please and a Ther	e note tha nonymiza	it anonymization rules are treate tion will always take precedence.	d separately from the main policy. H				in the same wa	ay as the re	st of the rules
Please and a Ther Com	e note tha nonymiza e is a ma pany Pole Move	t anonymization rules are treate tion will always take precedence. <b>Eximum of 100 enabled rule</b>	d separately from the main policy. H s allowed for the policy.	lence these appear in a separat	e part of the table. Thes	e can be ordered			
Please and a Ther Com	e note tha nonymiza e is a ma pany Pole Move	t anonymization rules are treate tion will always take precedence. tximum of 100 enabled rule: y Rules	d separately from the main policy. H s allowed for the policy. Groups/Users/IPs	Filter	e part of the table. Thes	e can be ordered	Active	Edit	Delete

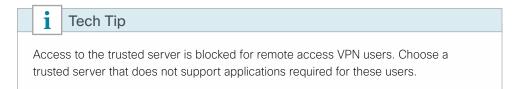
Procedure 2

#### Configure ACL for trusted server

The Trusted Network Detection (TND) feature of Cisco CWS determines whether a host is connected directly to a *trusted network*, in this guide referring to a LAN or WLAN at an organization's primary or remote sites. Conversely, if a host connects to an organization through a remote access VPN, then the host is considered to be on an *untrusted network*.

The TND configuration requires a trusted server that is reachable for all hosts on the internal network but is unreachable for remote-access VPN users. The trusted server is required to support HTTPS connections and the fully qualified hostname must be resolvable in the Domain Name Service (DNS) for your organization.

**Step 1:** If a trusted server does not exist, deploy a server with an HTTP server and enable HTTPS. Ports other than TCP 443 may be used if necessary. (Example: CWS-Trusted-Host.cisco.local, 10.4.48.11:443)



**Step 2:** From a client on the internal network, navigate to the RAVPN firewall's inside IP address, and then launch the Cisco ASA Security Device Manager. (Example: https://10.4.24.24)

Step 3: In Configuration > Remote Access VPN > Network (Client) Access > Group Policies, select GroupPolicy\_Employee, and then click Edit.

**Step 4:** On the Edit Internal Group Policy dialog box, click the two down arrows. The More options pane expands.

Step 5: For Filter, clear Inherit, and then click Manage.

Step 6: On the ACL Manager dialog box, click the Extended ACL tab, and then click Add > Add ACL.

Step 7: On the Add ACL dialog box, enter an ACL Name, and then click OK. (Example Block\_Trusted\_Host)

📑 Add ACL	8
ACL Name: Block_Trusted_Host	
OK Cancel Help	

#### Step 8: Click Add > Add ACE.

Step 9: On the Add ACE dialog box, configure the following values, and then click OK.

- Action-Deny
- Source-any4
- Destination-10.4.48.11
- Service-tcp/https
- Description-Trusted host is 10.4.48.11:443

🚰 Add ACE	
Action: 🔘 Perr	nit lo Deny
Source Criteria	
Source:	any4
User:	
Security Group:	
Destination Crite	ria
Destination:	10.4.48.11
Security Group:	
Service:	tcp/https 🔄
Description:	Trusted host is 10.4.48.11:443
📝 Enable Logg	ing
Logging Leve	el: Default 🗸
More Option	s 🛞
	OK Cancel Help

Step 10: Click Add > Insert After.

Step 11: On the Add ACE dialog box, configure the following values, and then click OK.

- Action–Permit
- Source-any4
- Destination-any4
- Service-ip
- Description-Permit all other traffic

Step 12: On the ACL Manager dialog box, click OK.

📮 Block_	_Trusted_H	ost				
1	<b>V</b>	🌍 any4	🖳 10.4.48.11	🚾 https	🕴 Deny	Trusted host is 10.4.48.11:443
2	<b>V</b>	🌍 any4	🌍 any4	<u>⊥</u> ₽≻ ip	🖌 Permit	Permit all other traffic

Step 13: On the Add Internal Group Policy dialog box, click OK.

付 Edit Internal Group Pol	cy: GroupPolicy_Employe	e						×
General	Name:	GroupPolicy	_Employee					
Servers Advanced	Banner:	📄 Inherit	Group "vpn-empk	oyee" allows for unrestri	cted access with a tu	nnel all policy.		
	SCEP forwarding URL	: 📝 Inherit						
	Address Pools:	📝 Inherit						Select
	IPv6 Address Pools:	🔽 Inherit						Select
	More Options							۲
	Tunneling Protocols		📝 Inherit	Clientless SSL VPN	SSL VPN Client	IPsec IKEv1	IPsec IKEv2	L2TP/IPsec
	Filter:		📄 Inherit	Block_Trusted_Host				Manage

Step 14: In the Group Policies pane, click Apply.

**Procedure 3** Configure Policies for AnyConnect Cloud Web Security Module

Step 1: In Configuration > Remote Access VPN > Network (Client) Access > AnyConnect Client Profile, select Add.

Step 2: On the Add AnyConnect Client Profile dialog box, in the Profile Name box, enter **RA-WebSecurityProfile**.

Step 3: In the Profile Usage list, choose Web Security Service Profile, click OK, and then click Apply.



💁 Add AnyConn	ect Client Profile		<b>—</b>
Profile Name	RA-WebSecurityProfile		
Profile Usage	Web Security Service Profile 🗸 🗸		
	ile path for an xml file, ie. disk0:/ac_profile. The file will be eated if it does not exist.		
Profile Location	disk0:/ra-websecurityprofile.wsp	Browse Flash	
		Upload	
Group Policy	<unassigned></unassigned>		
	Enable 'Always On VPN' for selected group		
	OK Cancel Help		

Step 4: Select the newly created RA-WebSecurityProfile profile, and then click Edit.

A scanning proxy is a Cisco Cloud Web Security proxy server on which Cisco Cloud Web Security analyzes the Web content. The Scanning Proxy panel in the AnyConnect Web Security profile editor defines to which Cisco Cloud Web Security scanning proxies the AnyConnect Web Security module redirects web traffic.

**Step 5:** In **Web Security > Scanning Proxy**, if the status is "Scanning Proxy list is currently up-to-date.", then skip to Step 6. If the status is "Updates to the Scanning Proxy list are now available.", then click **Update Proxies**. The Scanning Proxy list is updated.

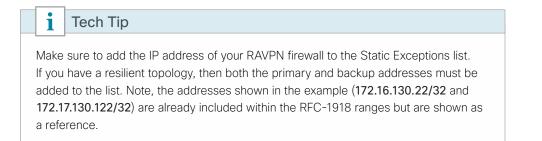
Step 6: In the drop-down list, choose a default proxy location that best matches your location.

Add a list of individual IP addresses or IP address ranges in Classless Inter-Domain Routing (CIDR) notation for which traffic should bypass CWS. In the list, include the Internet facing public IP addresses of your RAVPN firewalls.

**Step 7:** In **Web Security > Exceptions**, review the list exceptions for internal networks. All of the RFC-1918 networks are already preconfigured as Static Exceptions.

Default list of networks	Description
10.0.0/8	Private Network (RFC-1918)
172.16.0.0/12	Private Network (RFC-1918)
192.168.0.0/16	Private Network (RFC-1918)
127.0.0.0/8	Loopback (RFC-5735)
169.254.0.0/15	Link Local (RFC 3927)
224.0.0.0/4	IP multicast (RFC 5771)
240.0.0/4	Reserved (RFC 1700)
80.254.145.118	Cisco CWS (ScanSafe)

Table 1 - List of Static Exceptions



**Step 8:** If you want to add other internal networks to the list of exceptions, in the Static Exceptions box, enter the network number in the format N.N.N/x, and then click **Add**. Repeat this step for all additional exceptions.

172.17.130.122/32		Add
107/23110:0/10		Delete
172.16.0.0/12		Delete
192.168.0.0/16		
224.0.0.0/4		
240.0.0.0/4	=	
80.254.145.118		
172.16.130.122/32	<b>T</b>	

**Step 9:** In **Web Security > Authentication**, in the Proxy Authentication License Key box, enter the group key created in Step 6 of Procedure 1, "Enable CWS security configuration."

**Step 10:** In the Service Password box, enter a new password that will be associated with the Web Security service when the service is running on the end host. (Example: c1sco123)

e: RA-WebSecurityProfile	About
Web Security Security Control	
periods rentication anced  Proxy Authentication License Key  "Use CWS-AnyConnect Group Authentication Key"  ** Service Password  Clscol23  Carbon ans  Carbon ans  Carbon ans  Carbon anstching and reporting for machines not joined to domains  Custom matching and reporting for machines not joined to domains  Custom Groups (optional)  Add  Delete  ** change requires WebSecurity service restart	

Step 11: In Web Security > Preferences, do the following:

- · Select Automatic Scanning Proxy Selection.
- If your organization allows users to control use of web security functions, select User Controllable.
- In the Trusted Network Detection section, select Enable Trusted Network Detection.
- For New Trusted Server, enter the fully qualified domain name (FQDN) for the server (Example: CWS-Trusted-Host.cisco.local) configured in Procedure 2, "Configure ACL for trusted server," and then click Add.

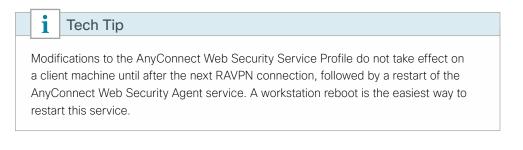
Porfile: RA-WebSecurityProfile       Advanced         Image: Security WebSecurity WebSecurity Security Secur	🚰 AnyConnect Client Profile Edi	itor - RA-WebSecurityProfile	23
Preferences Prefe	Profile: RA-WebSecurit	yProfile	About
Advanced	Scanning Proxy	Preferences	
Order Scanning Proxies by Response Time         Advanced Response Time Settings         □ Enable Test Interval:       1 □ hour(s)       0 □ minute(s)         Test Inactriky Timeout (min.)       5 □         Trusted Network Detection         New Trusted Server at https://servers[: <port>]         https://cWS-Trusted Hest.disco.local#49       Delete         Certificate hash:       Set         SCC6830BAAS1346667DE87D0E9F6984E40C047AD0CBD51B57F0A5/CFDBA18EF9         ** change requires WebSecurity service restart</port>	Authentication		<b>^</b>
Advanced Response Time Settings Enable Test Interval: 1 thour(s) 0 minute(s) Test Inactivity Timeout (min.) 5 to Trusted Network Detection New Trusted Server at https://server2[:sport2] https:// Add Tetps://CWS-Trusted-Host.csco.local:443 Delete Certificate hash: 5et 5cCc6830BAAS1346667DE876059F6984E40C047AD0CB051857F0A57CFDBA18EF9 ** change requires WebSecurity service restart		Value of the section Value of	
Enable Test Interval:   1 hour(s):   Test Inactivity Timeout (min.)   Trusted Network Detection New Trusted Server at https://server>[: cport>] https:// Add Mutured Server at https://server>[: cport>] https:// Certificate hash: Set SCC6830BAAS1346667DE87B0E9F698HE40C047AD0CB051B57FLAS7CFDBA1BEF9 ** change requires WebSecurity service restart		✓ Order Scanning Proxies by Response Time	
Test Inactivity Timeout (min.)			
Trusted Network Detection New Trusted Network Detection New Trusted Server at https://servers[: <port>] Https://CWS-TrustedHoot.cleon.local.443 Delete Certificate hash: Set SCC6830BAA51346667DE87B0E9F6984E40C047AD0CB051857F0A57CFDBA1EEF9 ** change requires WebSecurity service restart</port>		Enable Test Interval: 1 hour(s) 0 minute(s)	
		Test Inactivity Timeout (min.) 5	
New Trusted Server at https://cserver>[:cport>] https:// Add  ttps://CWS-TrustedHost.cisco.local-443 Delete Certificate hash: Set SCC6830BAAS1346667DE87B0E9F698HE40C047AD0CB051B57F0A57CFDBA1BEF9 ** change requires WebSecurity service restart		Trusted Network Detection	
https://       Add         https://CWS-Trusted-Host.cisco.local/443       Delete         Certificate hash:       Set         SCC6830BAAS1346667DE87B0E9F698HE40C047AD0CB051B57F0A57CFDBA18EF9         ** change requires WebSecurity service restart		Enable Trusted Network Detection	
Ntps://CWS-TrustedHost.csco.local/443       Delete         Certificate hash:       Set         Sccce8308AA51346667DE87B0E9F698HE+0C047AD0CB051857F0A57CFDBA18EF9       ** change requires WebSecurity service restart		New Trusted Server at https:// <server>[:<port>]</port></server>	
Certificate hash: ScC6830BAA51346667DE87B0E9F69BHE40C047AD0CB051B57F0A57CFDBA1EEP9 ** change requires WebSecurity service restart		https:// Add	-
Certificade nash: SCC68308AA513466657DE87B0E9F698HE40C047AD0CB051857F0A57CFD8A18EF9 *** change requires WebSecurity service restart		https://CW5-Trusted-Host.cisco.local:443 Delete	-
Certificade nash: SCC68308AA513466657DE87B0E9F698HE40C047AD0CB051857F0A57CFD8A18EF9 *** change requires WebSecurity service restart			
Certificate nash: SCC68308AAS13466657DE87B0E9F6984E40C047AD0CB051857F0A57CF0BA18EF9 *** change requires WebSecurity service restart			
Certificade nash: SCC68308AA513466657DE87B0E9F698HE40C047AD0CB051857F0A57CFD8A18EF9 *** change requires WebSecurity service restart			
** change requires WebSecurity service restart		Certificate hash: Set	
		5CC6830BAA51346667DE87B0E9F69B4E40C047AD0CB051B57F0A57CFDBA18EF9	
		** change requires WebSecurity service restart	
·			
·			
·			
			Ŧ
		OK Cancel Help	
		Carica Help	

Step 12: On the Add AnyConnect Client Profile Editor dialog box, click OK.

**Step 13:** Click **Change Group Policy**, select the group policy **GroupPolicy\_Employee**, and then add it to the **Selected Group Policies** pane by clicking the right arrow, and then clicking **OK**.

🖾 Change Group Policy for Profile RA-WebSecurityProfile 🛛 🔀
This panel is used to assign (or unassign) the selected profile to one or more group policies.
Profile Name: RA-WebSecurityProfile
Profile Usage: Web Security Service Profile 🛛 📄 Enable 'Always On VPN' for selected group(s) 👔
Available Group Policies Selected Group Policies
DfltGrpPolicy_Administrator GroupPolicy_AnyConnect GroupPolicy_Partner
OK Close

Step 14: On the AnyConnect Client Profile screen, click Apply.



Procedure 4 Configure ASA AnyConnect group policies

Step 1: In Cisco Adaptive Security Device Manager (ASDM), navigate to Configuration > Remote Access VPN > Network Client Access > Group Policies, select the GroupPolicy\_Employee policy, and then click Edit.

Step 2: Under Advanced, select Split Tunneling.

Step 3: Next to Policy, clear the Inherit check box, and then choose Exclude Network List Below.

Step 4: Click Set up split exclusion for Web Security.

Step 5: On the Web Security Proxies Exclusion dialog box, in the Access list name box, enter CWS\_Tower\_ Exclude, and then click Create Access List.

Web Security Proxies Exclusion
Enter a new or select an existing access list used for Web Security split exclusion. ASDM will set up the access list for use in the network list.
Access list name: CWS_Tower_Exclude Select
Create Access List Update Access List Cancel

Step 6: On the Access List Result dialog box, review the list of proxies added to the access list, and then click Close.

Step 7: Next to Network List, clear the Inherit check box, and then choose CWS\_Tower\_Exclude.

-Servers -Advanced	The VPN client makes split tunneling de 'Network List' fields.	cisions on the	basis of a network list that can be specified below by providing the proper parameters to 'Policy' and
Split Tunneling Browser Proxy	DN5 Names:	🔽 Inherit	
<ul> <li>AnyConnect Client</li> <li>IPsec(IKEv1) Client</li> </ul>	Send All DNS Lookups Through Tunnel:	📝 Inherit	🔘 Yes 💿 No
	Policy:	📄 Inherit	Exclude Network List Below 👻
	IPv6 Policy:	📝 Inherit	
	Network List:	📃 Inherit	CWS_Tower_Exclude
	Intercept DHCP Configuration M		n Microsoft Clients 🛛 😵

Step 8: Navigate to Advanced > AnyConnect Client. Under Optional Client Modules to Download, clear the Inherit check box, choose AnyConnect Web Security from the list, and then click OK.

Step 9: In the Always-On VPN section, clear the Inherit check box, and then select Use AnyConnect Profile setting.

**Step 10:** In the Client Profiles to Download section, click **Add**, under Profile Name, choose **RA-WebSecurityProfile**, and then click **OK**.

F	Edit Internal Group Policy: (	GroupPolicy_Employee						Σ	×
Γ	General	Keep Installer on Client System:	📝 Inherit	Yes	🔿 No				1
	Advanced	Datagram Transport Layer Security (DTLS):	📝 Inherit	🔿 Enable	🔿 Disable				
	Split Tunneling Browser Proxy	DTLS Compression:	📝 Inherit	🔿 Enable	🔿 Disable				
	AnyConnect Client     IPsec(IKEv1) Client	SSL Compression:	📝 Inherit	🕐 Deflate	C LZS	🔘 Disable			
		Ignore Don't Fragment(DF) Bit:	📝 Inherit	🔘 Enable	💿 Disable				
		Client Bypass Protocol:	📝 Inherit	🔿 Enable	🕐 Disable				
		FQDN of This Device:	V FQDN						
		MTU:	📝 Inherit						
		Keepalive Messages:	📝 Inherit	Disable	Interval:	second	ls		
		Optional Client Modules to Download:	📃 Inherit	websecurity				• 0	
		Always-On VPN:	📄 Inherit	🔘 Disable	Use Any	Connect Profile s	setting 🕕		
		Client Profiles to Download:	📃 Inherit						
			🕈 Add 🧯	Delete					
			Profile Nam	ie			Profile Usage/Type		
			RA-Profile RA-WebSet	urityProfile			AnyConnect VPN Profile Web Security Service Profile		
	Find:	🔘 Next 🔘 Previou	5						1
				]					
			ж 🛛 🗌	Cancel	Help				

Step 11: Click OK, and then click Apply.

Step 12: In Configuration > Remote Access VPN > Network (Client) Access > AnyConnect Client Profile, select the AnyConnect VPN Profile (Example: RA-Profile), and then click Edit.

Step 13: In VPN > Preferences (Part 1), select Local LAN Access, which is required for a split tunnel exclude policy. Clear User Controllable for Local LAN Access.

Profile: RA-Profile		
VPN Preferences (Part 1) Preferences (Part 2) Backup Servers Certificate Matching Certificate Enrollment Mobile Policy Server List	Preferences (Part 1)	
	Use Start Before Logon Show Pre-Connect Message Certificate Store All Certificate Store Override	☑ User Controllable
	Auto Connect On Start     Minimize On Connect     Local Lan Access	User Controllable

Step 14: Click OK, and then click Apply.

#### (Optional)

This procedure is optional and only required if a self-signed certificate is generated and applied to Cisco ASA outside interfaces. Because of the untrusted nature of self-signed certificates, all clients generate an error until the certificate is manually added to the trusted certificates. Certificates signed by a trusted certificate authority (CA) don't need to be manually added.

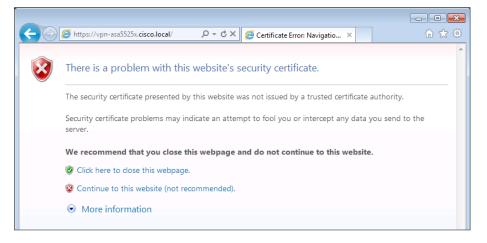
Because some of the features configured later in this guide involve automatic certificate checking, it isn't acceptable to have the errors show up when self-signed certificates are used. This procedure solves the error problems.

Trusted certificates do not have these issues and are easier to use in practice.



Step 1: On a client located outside the network, open a web browser (this procedure details the process for Internet Explorer), and go to the Cisco ASA address: https://vpn-asa5525x.cisco.local

The first page reports a problem with the certificate.



Step 2: Click Continue to this website.

Step 3: On the next page, in the URL bar, click Certificate Error.

		0.00					]	
	https://vpn-asa5525x.cis Untrusted Certification	× cate	ice	SSL VPN Service		×		₩ ↔
v	The security certificate prese website was not issued by a certificate authority.	ented by this	ice					
f	This problem might indicate fool you or intercept any da the server.							
	We recommend that you clo About certificate errors	ose this webpage.						
	View certifica	tes	_					
		Please ente	r your us	ername and passwo	rd.			
		GROUP:		Connect 👻				
		USERNA PASSWO						
			Lo	ogin				

Step 4: Select View Certificate.

Step 5: At the bottom of the Certificate page, select Install Certificate. When the Certificate Import Wizard opens, click Next.

i	Tech Tip
	Install Certificate option is not available, close the browser and reopen it with the <b>s administrator</b> option, and then restart this procedure from Step 1.

Step 6: Select Place all Certificates in the following store, and then click Browse.

Step 7: Select Trusted Root Certification Authorities, and then click OK.

Select Certificate Store				
Select the certificate store you want to use.				
	_			
Personal A	•			
Trusted Root Certification Authorities				
Enterprise Trust				
Intermediate Certification Authorities				
Trusted Publishers				
Intrusted Certificates	-			
✓ III ►				
	- 1			
Show physical stores				
OK Cancel				

Step 8: Click Next, and then click Finish.

Step 9: Accept the security warning and install the certificate.



When outside a lab environment, be very careful when installing certificates; after they are installed, they are implicitly trusted by the client. Certificates issued by trusted certificate authorities do not have to be manually trusted.

Step 10: On the Certificate Import Wizard dialog box, click OK.

Step 11: In the Certificate window, click OK.

Step 12: Close and reopen the browser, and then navigate to the following location: https://vpn-asa5525x.cisco.local

The SSL VPN Service page loads without any certificate warnings or errors.

**Step 13:** If you are using a resilient Internet connection, the RAVPN firewall has two outside interfaces, each with a different IP address and DNS name. Repeat Step 1 through Step 11 for the secondary outside interface using the Cisco ASA address: https://vpn-asa5525x-fo.cisco.local

```
Procedure 6 Add RAVPN firewalls as trusted sites on the client
```

The weblaunch installer for the AnyConnect client may require that the RAVPN firewall be added to the list of trusted sites for Internet Explorer.

Step 1: Launch Internet Explorer, and then access the Internet Options screen by typing Alt-X and then clicking Internet Options.

Internet Options
General Security Privacy Content Connections Programs Advanced
Home page
http://www.cisco.local/
Use current Use default Use blank
Browsing history
Delete temporary files, history, cookies, saved passwords, and web form information.
Delete browsing history on exit
Delete Settings
Change search defaults. Settings
Tabs
Change how webpages are displayed in Settings tabs.
Appearance Colors Languages Fonts Accessibility
OK Cancel Apply

Step 2: Click the Security tab, click the Trusted sites zone to select, and then click Sites.

Internet Options
General Security Privacy Content Connections Programs Advanced
Select a zone to view or change security settings.
🔮 🔩 🗸 🚫
Internet Local intranet Trusted sites Restricted sites
Trusted sites Sites
This zone contains websites that you trust not to damage your computer or your files. You have websites in this zone.
Security level for this zone
Allowed levels for this zone: All
Prompts before downloading potentially unsafe     content     Unsigned ActiveX controls will not be downloaded
Enable Protected Mode (requires restarting Internet Explorer)
Custom level Default level
Reset all zones to default level
OK Cancel Apply

**Step 3:** Add RAVPN firewall(s) as trusted sites by entering the fully qualified URL (Example: https://vpn-asa5525x.cisco.local), and then clicking **Add**. Repeat for any additional RAVPN firewalls, and then click **Close**.

Trusted sites	×
You can add and remove websites from this zone will use the zone's security set	
Add this website to the zone:	
https://ie-asa5545x.cisco.local	Add
Websites:	
https://vpn-asa5525x.cisco.local	Remove
Require server verification (https:) for all sites	s in this zone
	Close

Step 4: In the Internet Options window, click OK.

**Step 1:** Log in using a known username and password that is part of the vpn-employee group in Windows AD. If Cisco AnyConnect 3.1 is not installed, the client software is downloaded and installed. If necessary, accept installation warnings.

Cogin
Please enter your username and password.
GROUP: AnyConnect ✓ USERNAME: vpn-employee-1 PASSWORD: ●●●●●●● ◆
Login

**Step 2:** After you are connected, click the Cisco AnyConnect taskbar icon. This displays the client information panel.

🕥 Cisco AnyCo	onnect Secure Mobility Client	
	VPN: Connected to VPN-ASA5525X.cisco.local.	onnect
00:00:58		
Ś	Web Security: Enabled (US West Coast)	
٢	-	

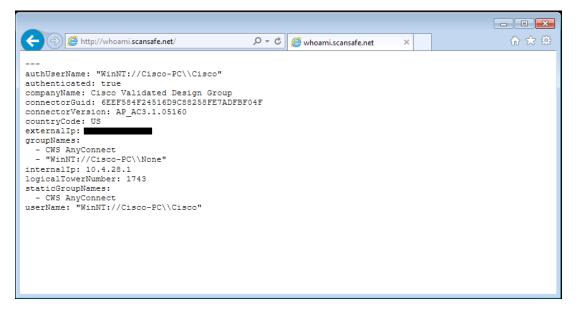
Step 3: Verify there is a green check for both VPN and Web Security.

Step 4: Click Disconnect, and then verify that Web Security remains enabled.

🕥 Cisco AnyCo	onnect Secure Mobility Client	- • •
	VPN: Ready to connect. VPN-ASA5525X.cisco.local	✓ Connect
٢	Web Security: Enabled (US West Coast)	
<b>\$</b> (i)		ahah. cisco

Procedure 8 Test Cloud Web Security

**Step 1:** Open a web browser to http://whoami.scansafe.net. This browser returns diagnostic information from the Cisco CWS service.



If the service is not active, the following information is returned.

Q - C	<i> whoami.scansafe.net</i>	×	ि ☆ 🛱
	<u>ۍ - م</u>	P - C	P・C

Verify Cisco CWS Trusted Network Detection by selecting a client that is connected outside the network and has the Web Security module enabled.

Step 2: Move the client to a location on the trusted network. The AnyConnect client should be in a disconnected state for this step.

When the client is on the trusted network, it should be able to reach the trusted server configured in Procedure 3, "Configure ASA VPN policy for web security," Step 11. (Example: 10.4.48.11:443)

The ability to connect to the trusted server successfully tells the Cisco AnyConnect client that it is directly connected to the internal network and that the CWS module is not necessary and should not be run because the client now resides on a trusted network. The host's web connections to external websites are now instead secured by the organization's Internet edge devices and policy. This is verified on the AnyConnect client status pane.



#### Procedure 9 Synchronize the profiles to failover ASA

When running an RAVPN Cisco ASA firewall pair, the Cisco AnyConnect VPN Profile file and the Web Security Service Profile files must be manually replicated to the secondary ASA firewall. All of the files listed in Table 2 must be replicated.



This procedure is required after any modification to either the Cisco AnyConnect VPN Profile or the Web Security Service Profile.

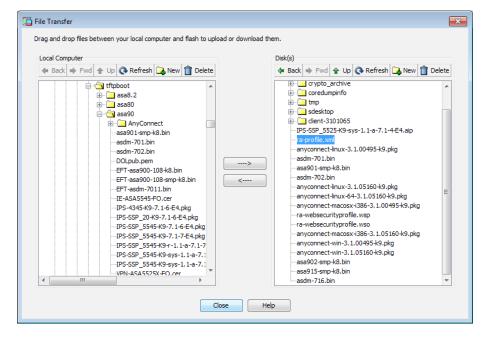
#### Table 2 - Cisco AnyConnect Client Profile files

Profile type	Profile name	Filename
AnyConnect VPN Profile	RA-Profile	ra-profile.xml
Web Security Service Profile	RA-WebSecurityProfile	ra-websecurityprofile.wsp
Web Security Service Profile (obscured)	RA-WebSecurityProfile	ra-websecurityprofile.wso

#### Step 1: Navigate to Tools > File Management.

#### Step 2: Click File Transfer, and then select Between Local PC and Flash.

Browse to a destination on your local file system and copy the AnyConnect client profile file from the Cisco ASA disk (Example: ra-profile.xml) by selecting the profile and then clicking the left arrow.



Step 3: Repeat Step 2 for the remaining files in Table 2.

Step 4: After completing all of the file transfers, click Close.

**Step 5:** Navigate to the secondary RAVPN Cisco ASA's inside IP address, and then launch Cisco ASDM. (Example: https://10.4.24.23)



#### Step 6: Navigate to Tools > File Management.

Step 7: Click File Transfer, and then select Between Local PC and Flash.

**Step 8:** Browse to a destination on your local file system and copy the AnyConnect client profile file to the secondary Cisco ASA disk (Example: ra-profile.xml) by selecting the profile and then clicking the right arrow.

Step 9: Repeat Step 8 for the remaining files in Table 2.

Step 10: After completing all of the file transfers, click Close.

Step 11: Close Cisco ASDM on the secondary RAVPN Cisco ASA.

# Appendix A: Product List

### **Internet Edge**

Functional Area	Product Description	Part Numbers	Software
Firewall	Cisco ASA 5545-X IPS Edition - security appliance	ASA5545-IPS-K9	ASA 9.1(5)
	Cisco ASA 5525-X IPS Edition - security appliance	ASA5525-IPS-K9	IPS 7.1(8p2)E4
	Cisco ASA 5515-X IPS Edition - security appliance	ASA5515-IPS-K9	
	Cisco ASA 5512-X IPS Edition - security appliance	ASA5512-IPS-K9	
	Cisco ASA 5512-X Security Plus license	ASA5512-SEC-PL	
	Firewall Management	ASDM	7.1(6)
RA VPN Firewall	Cisco ASA 5545-X Firewall Edition - security appliance	ASA5545-K9	ASA 9.1(5)
	Cisco ASA 5525-X Firewall Edition - security appliance	ASA5525-K9	
	Cisco ASA 5515-X Firewall Edition - security appliance	ASA5515-K9	
	Cisco ASA 5512-X Firewall Edition - security appliance	ASA5512-K9	
	Cisco ASA 5512-X Security Plus license	ASA5512-SEC-PL	
	Firewall Management	ASDM	7.1(6)
AnyConnect License	AnyConnect Essentials VPN License - ASA 5545-X (2500 Users)	L-ASA-AC-E-5545	_
	AnyConnect Essentials VPN License - ASA 5525-X (750 Users)	L-ASA-AC-E-5525	
	AnyConnect Essentials VPN License - ASA 5515-X (250 Users)	L-ASA-AC-E-5515	
	AnyConnect Essentials VPN License - ASA 5512-X (250 Users)	L-ASA-AC-E-5512	
	AnyConnect Premium VPN License (2500 users)	L-ASA-SSL-2500	
	AnyConnect Premium VPN License (500 Users)	L-ASA-SSL-500	
	AnyConnect Premium VPN License (250 Users)	L-ASA-SSL-250	

### **VPN Client**

Functional Area	Product Description	Part Numbers	Software
VPN Client	Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client (Windows)	Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client	3.1.05160
	Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client (Mac OS X)	Cisco AnyConnect Secure Mobility Client	

### Web Security

Functional Area	Product Description	Part Numbers	Software
Cloud Web Security	Cisco Cloud Web Security (ScanSafe)	Cisco Cloud Web Security	_
	Cisco Cloud Web Security (ScanSafe)	Please Contact your Cisco Cloud Web Security Sales Representative for Part Numbers: scansafe-sales-questions@cisco. com	

# Appendix B: Configuration Example

#### **How to Read Commands**

This guide uses the following conventions for commands that you enter at the command-line interface (CLI).

Commands to enter at a CLI prompt: configure terminal

Commands that specify a value for a variable: ntp server **10.10.48.17** 

Commands with variables that you must define: class-map [highest class name] Commands at a CLI or script prompt: Router# **enable** 

Long commands that line wrap are underlined. Enter them as one command:

police rate 10000 pps burst 10000 packets conform-action

Noteworthy parts of system output (or of device configuration files) are highlighted:

interface Vlan64 ip address 10.5.204.5 255.255.255.0

## **RAVPN: VPN-ASA5525X**

```
ASA Version 9.1(5)
Т
hostname VPN-ASA5525X
domain-name cisco.local
enable password 8Ry2YjIyt7RRXU24 encrypted
passwd 2KFQnbNIdI.2KYOU encrypted
names
ip local pool RA-pool 10.4.28.1-10.4.31.254 mask 255.255.252.0
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/0
 nameif inside
 security-level 100
 ip address 10.4.24.24 255.255.255.224 standby 10.4.24.23
 summary-address eigrp 100 10.4.28.0 255.255.252.0 5
L
interface GigabitEthernet0/1
shutdown
no nameif
no security-level
no ip address
```

```
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/2
description LAN/STATE Failover Interface
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/3
no nameif
no security-level
no ip address
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/3.16
vlan 16
nameif outside-16
security-level 0
ip address 172.16.130.122 255.255.255.0
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/3.17
vlan 17
nameif outside-17
security-level 0
ip address 172.17.130.122 255.255.255.0
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/4
shutdown
no nameif
no security-level
no ip address
1
interface GigabitEthernet0/5
shutdown
no nameif
no security-level
no ip address
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/6
shutdown
no nameif
no security-level
no ip address
!
interface GigabitEthernet0/7
shutdown
no nameif
no security-level
no ip address
!
interface Management0/0
management-only
```

```
shutdown
no nameif
no security-level
no ip address
1
boot system disk0:/asa915-smp-k8.bin
ftp mode passive
clock timezone PST -8
clock summer-time PDT recurring
dns server-group DefaultDNS
domain-name cisco.local
same-security-traffic permit intra-interface
object network NETWORK OBJ 10.4.28.0 22
 subnet 10.4.28.0 255.255.252.0
object network asdm-websecproxy-115-111-223-66
host 115.111.223.66
object network asdm-websecproxy-122-50-127-66
host 122.50.127.66
object network asdm-websecproxy-184-150-236-66
host 184.150.236.66
object network asdm-websecproxy-196-26-220-66
host 196.26.220.66
object network asdm-websecproxy-201-94-155-66
host 201.94.155.66
object network asdm-websecproxy-202-167-250-90
host 202.167.250.90
object network asdm-websecproxy-202-167-250-98
host 202.167.250.98
object network asdm-websecproxy-202-177-218-66
host 202.177.218.66
object network asdm-websecproxy-202-79-203-98
host 202.79.203.98
object network asdm-websecproxy-46-255-40-58
host 46.255.40.58
object network asdm-websecproxy-46-255-40-90
host 46.255.40.90
object network asdm-websecproxy-46-255-40-98
host 46.255.40.98
object network asdm-websecproxy-69-10-152-66
host 69.10.152.66
object network asdm-websecproxy-69-174-58-179
host 69.174.58.179
object network asdm-websecproxy-69-174-58-187
host 69.174.58.187
object network asdm-websecproxy-69-174-87-131
host 69.174.87.131
object network asdm-websecproxy-69-174-87-163
```

host 69.174.87.163
object network asdm-websecproxy-69-174-87-171
host 69.174.87.171
object network asdm-websecproxy-69-174-87-75
host 69.174.87.75
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-115
host 70.39.176.115
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-123
host 70.39.176.123
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-131
host 70.39.176.131
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-139
host 70.39.176.139
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-35
host 70.39.176.35
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-59
host 70.39.176.59
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-177-35
host 70.39.177.35
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-177-43
host 70.39.177.43
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-107
host 70.39.231.107
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-163
host 70.39.231.163
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-171
host 70.39.231.171
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-180
host 70.39.231.180
<pre>object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-182</pre>
host 70.39.231.182
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-188
host 70.39.231.188
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-190
host 70.39.231.190
object network asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-91
host 70.39.231.91
object network asdm-websecproxy-72-37-244-163
host 72.37.244.163
object network asdm-websecproxy-72-37-244-171
host 72.37.244.171
object network asdm-websecproxy-72-37-248-19
host 72.37.248.19
object network asdm-websecproxy-72-37-248-27
host 72.37.248.27
object network asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-139
host 72.37.249.139

object network asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-147 host 72.37.249.147 object network asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-163 host 72.37.249.163 object network asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-171 host 72.37.249.171 object network asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-195 host 72.37.249.195 object network asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-203 host 72.37.249.203 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-147-251 host 80.254.147.251 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-148-194 host 80.254.148.194 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-150-66 host 80.254.150.66 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-154-66 host 80.254.154.66 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-154-98 host 80.254.154.98 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-155-66 host 80.254.155.66 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-147 host 80.254.158.147 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-155 host 80.254.158.155 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-179 host 80.254.158.179 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-187 host 80.254.158.187 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-211 host 80.254.158.211 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-219 host 80.254.158.219 object network asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-35 host 80.254.158.35 object network internal-network subnet 10.4.0.0 255.254.0.0 description Internal Network access-list ALL BUT DEFAULT standard deny host 0.0.0.0 access-list ALL BUT DEFAULT standard permit any4 access-list RA PartnerACL remark Partners can access this internal host only! access-list RA PartnerACL standard permit host 10.4.48.35 access-list RA SplitTunnelACL remark Internal Networks access-list RA SplitTunnelACL standard permit 10.4.0.0 255.254.0.0 access-list RA SplitTunnelACL remark DMZ Networks access-list RA SplitTunnelACL standard permit 192.168.16.0 255.255.248.0

August 2014 Series

access-list Block Trusted Host remark Trusted Host is 10.4.48.11:443 access-list Block Trusted Host extended deny tcp any4 host 10.4.48.11 eq https access-list Block Trusted Host remark Permit All other traffic access-list Block Trusted Host extended permit ip any4 any4 access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-35 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-147-251 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-155 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-147 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-179 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-187 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-211 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-158-219 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-148-194 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-46-255-40-58 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-46-255-40-90 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-46-255-40-98 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-150-66 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-154-66 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE

access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-154-98 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-80-254-155-66 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-196-26-220-66 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-201-94-155-66 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-184-150-236-66 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-69-10-152-66 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-72-37-244-171 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-72-37-244-163 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-72-37-248-19 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-72-37-248-27 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-107 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-91 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-171 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-163 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-180 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-182 any

Appendix B: Configuration Example

access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-188 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-231-190 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-69-174-58-179 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-69-174-58-187 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-35 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-59 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-115 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-123 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-131 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-176-139 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-171 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-163 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-139 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-147 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-195 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-72-37-249-203

Appendix B: Configuration Example

August 2014 Series

any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-177-35 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-70-39-177-43 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-69-174-87-75 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-69-174-87-171 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-69-174-87-131 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-69-174-87-163 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-202-167-250-98 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-202-167-250-90 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-115-111-223-66 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-122-50-127-66 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-202-79-203-98 any access-list CWS Tower Exclude remark ASDM-generated Web Security proxy ACE access-list CWS Tower Exclude extended permit ip object asdm-websecproxy-202-177-218-66 any pager lines 24 logging enable logging buffered informational logging asdm informational mtu inside 1500 mtu outside-16 1500 mtu outside-17 1500 failover failover lan unit secondary failover lan interface failover GigabitEthernet0/2

```
failover polltime unit msec 200 holdtime msec 800
failover polltime interface msec 500 holdtime 5
failover key FailoverKey
failover replication http
failover link failover GigabitEthernet0/2
failover interface ip failover 10.4.24.97 255.255.255.248 standby 10.4.24.98
monitor-interface outside-16
monitor-interface outside-17
icmp unreachable rate-limit 1 burst-size 1
asdm image disk0:/asdm-716.bin
no asdm history enable
arp timeout 14400
no arp permit-nonconnected
nat (inside,outside-17) source static any any destination static NETWORK
OBJ 10.4.28.0 22 NETWORK OBJ 10.4.28.0 22 no-proxy-arp route-lookup
nat (inside,outside-16) source static any any destination static NETWORK
OBJ 10.4.28.0 22 NETWORK OBJ 10.4.28.0 22 no-proxy-arp route-lookup
1
router eigrp 100
no auto-summary
distribute-list ALL BUT DEFAULT out
network 10.4.0.0 255.254.0.0
passive-interface default
no passive-interface inside
redistribute static
I.
route outside-16 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 172.16.130.126 1 track 1
route outside-17 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 172.17.130.126 50
route outside-16 172.18.1.1 255.255.255.255 172.16.130.126 1
route inside 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.4.24.1 tunneled
timeout xlate 3:00:00
timeout pat-xlate 0:00:30
timeout conn 1:00:00 half-closed 0:10:00 udp 0:02:00 icmp 0:00:02
timeout sunrpc 0:10:00 h323 0:05:00 h225 1:00:00 mgcp 0:05:00 mgcp-pat 0:05:00
timeout sip 0:30:00 sip media 0:02:00 sip-invite 0:03:00 sip-disconnect 0:02:00
timeout sip-provisional-media 0:02:00 uauth 0:05:00 absolute
timeout tcp-proxy-reassembly 0:01:00
timeout floating-conn 0:00:00
dynamic-access-policy-record DfltAccessPolicy
aaa-server AAA-SERVER protocol tacacs+
aaa-server AAA-SERVER (inside) host 10.4.48.15
key SecretKey
aaa-server AAA-RADIUS protocol radius
aaa-server AAA-RADIUS (inside) host 10.4.48.15
timeout 5
key SecretKey
user-identity default-domain LOCAL
```

```
aaa authentication enable console AAA-SERVER LOCAL
aaa authentication ssh console AAA-SERVER LOCAL
aaa authentication http console AAA-SERVER LOCAL
aaa authentication serial console AAA-SERVER LOCAL
aaa authorization exec authentication-server
http server enable
http 10.4.48.0 255.255.255.0 inside
snmp-server host inside 10.4.48.35 community cisco
no snmp-server location
no snmp-server contact
snmp-server community cisco
snmp-server enable traps snmp authentication linkup linkdown coldstart warmstart
sla monitor 16
type echo protocol ipIcmpEcho 172.18.1.1 interface outside-16
sla monitor schedule 16 life forever start-time now
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set ESP-AES-256-MD5 esp-aes-256 esp-md5-hmac
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set ESP-DES-SHA esp-des esp-sha-hmac
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set ESP-3DES-SHA esp-3des esp-sha-hmac
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set ESP-DES-MD5 esp-des esp-md5-hmac
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set ESP-AES-192-MD5 esp-aes-192 esp-md5-hmac
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set ESP-3DES-MD5 esp-3des esp-md5-hmac
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set ESP-AES-256-SHA esp-aes-256 esp-sha-hmac
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set ESP-AES-128-SHA esp-aes esp-sha-hmac
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set ESP-AES-192-SHA esp-aes-192 esp-sha-hmac
crypto ipsec ikev1 transform-set ESP-AES-128-MD5 esp-aes esp-md5-hmac
crypto ipsec security-association pmtu-aging infinite
crypto dynamic-map SYSTEM DEFAULT CRYPTO MAP 65535 set ikev1 transform-set ESP-AES-128-
SHA ESP-AES-128-MD5 ESP-AES-192-SHA ESP-AES-192-MD5 ESP-AES-256-SHA ESP-AES-256-MD5
ESP-3DES-SHA ESP-3DES-MD5 ESP-DES-SHA ESP-DES-MD5
crypto dynamic-map SYSTEM DEFAULT CRYPTO MAP 65535 set reverse-route
crypto map outside-16 map 65535 ipsec-isakmp dynamic SYSTEM_DEFAULT_CRYPTO_MAP
crypto map outside-16 map interface outside-16
crypto ca trustpoint VPN-ASA5525X-Trustpoint
 enrollment self
subject-name CN=VPN-ASA5525X.cisco.local
keypair VPN-ASA5525X-Keypair
proxy-ldc-issuer
crl configure
crypto ca trustpoint VPN-ASA5525X-FO-Trustpoint
 enrollment self
subject-name CN=VPN-ASA5525X-FO.cisco.local
 keypair VPN-ASA5525X-Keypair
proxy-ldc-issuer
crl configure
crypto ca trustpoint ASDM TrustPoint0
 enrollment self
subject-name CN=VPN-ASA5525X
```

```
keypair foobar
proxy-ldc-issuer
crl configure
crypto ca trustpool policy
crypto ca certificate chain VPN-ASA5525X-Trustpoint
 certificate 196dbd50
    [certificate omitted]
 quit
crypto ca certificate chain VPN-ASA5525X-FO-Trustpoint
 certificate 1a6dbd50
    [certificate omitted]
 quit
crypto ikev1 enable outside-16
crypto ikev1 policy 10
authentication crack
encryption aes-256
hash sha
group 2
lifetime 86400
crypto ikev1 policy 20
authentication rsa-sig
encryption aes-256
hash sha
group 2
lifetime 86400
crypto ikev1 policy 30
authentication pre-share
encryption aes-256
hash sha
group 2
lifetime 86400
crypto ikev1 policy 40
authentication crack
encryption aes-192
hash sha
group 2
lifetime 86400
crypto ikev1 policy 50
 authentication rsa-sig
encryption aes-192
hash sha
group 2
lifetime 86400
crypto ikev1 policy 60
 authentication pre-share
encryption aes-192
hash sha
```

group 2 lifetime 86400 crypto ikev1 policy 70 authentication crack encryption aes hash sha group 2 lifetime 86400 crypto ikev1 policy 80 authentication rsa-sig encryption aes hash sha group 2 lifetime 86400 crypto ikev1 policy 90 authentication pre-share encryption aes hash sha group 2 lifetime 86400 crypto ikev1 policy 100 authentication crack encryption 3des hash sha group 2 lifetime 86400 crypto ikev1 policy 110 authentication rsa-sig encryption 3des hash sha group 2 lifetime 86400 crypto ikev1 policy 120 authentication pre-share encryption 3des hash sha group 2 lifetime 86400 crypto ikev1 policy 130 authentication crack encryption des hash sha group 2 lifetime 86400 crypto ikev1 policy 140 authentication rsa-sig encryption des

```
hash sha
 group 2
lifetime 86400
crypto ikev1 policy 150
authentication pre-share
encryption des
hash sha
group 2
lifetime 86400
L
track 1 rtr 16 reachability
telnet timeout 5
ssh 10.4.48.0 255.255.255.0 inside
ssh timeout 5
ssh version 2
console timeout 0
threat-detection basic-threat
threat-detection statistics access-list
no threat-detection statistics tcp-intercept
ntp server 10.4.48.17
ssl encryption aes256-shal aes128-shal 3des-shal
ssl trust-point VPN-ASA5525X-FO-Trustpoint outside-17
ssl trust-point VPN-ASA5525X-Trustpoint outside-16
webvpn
enable outside-16
 enable outside-17
anyconnect-essentials
 anyconnect image disk0:/anyconnect-win-3.1.05160-k9.pkg 1
 anyconnect image disk0:/anyconnect-macosx-i386-3.1.05160-k9.pkg 2
 anyconnect image disk0:/anyconnect-linux-3.1.05160-k9.pkg 3
 anyconnect image disk0:/anyconnect-linux-64-3.1.05160-k9.pkg 4
 anyconnect profiles RA-Profile disk0:/ra-profile.xml
 anyconnect profiles RA-WebSecurityProfile disk0:/ra-websecurityprofile.wsp
anyconnect profiles RA-WebSecurityProfile.wso disk0:/ra-websecurityprofile.wso
 anyconnect enable
 tunnel-group-list enable
group-policy GroupPolicy Employee internal
group-policy GroupPolicy Employee attributes
banner value Group "vpn-employee" allows for unrestricted access with a tunnel all
policy.
 vpn-filter value Block Trusted Host
 split-tunnel-policy excludespecified
 split-tunnel-network-list value CWS Tower Exclude
 webvpn
 anyconnect modules value websecurity
 anyconnect profiles value RA-Profile type user
 anyconnect profiles value RA-WebSecurityProfile.wso type websecurity
```

```
always-on-vpn profile-setting
group-policy GroupPolicy AnyConnect internal
group-policy GroupPolicy AnyConnect attributes
 wins-server none
 dns-server value 10.4.48.10
 vpn-tunnel-protocol ssl-client
 default-domain value cisco.local
group-policy GroupPolicy Partner internal
group-policy GroupPolicy Partner attributes
 banner value Group "vpn-partner" allows for access control list (ACL) restricted access
with a tunnel all policy.
 vpn-filter value RA PartnerACL
 webvpn
  anyconnect profiles value RA-Profile type user
group-policy GroupPolicy Administrator internal
group-policy GroupPolicy Administrator attributes
 banner value Group "vpn-administrator" allows for unrestricted access with a split
tunnel policy.
 split-tunnel-policy tunnelspecified
 split-tunnel-network-list value RA SplitTunnelACL
 webvpn
  anyconnect profiles value RA-Profile type user
username admin password 7KKG/zg/Wo8c.YfN encrypted privilege 15
tunnel-group AnyConnect type remote-access
tunnel-group AnyConnect general-attributes
 address-pool RA-pool
 authentication-server-group AAA-RADIUS
 default-group-policy GroupPolicy AnyConnect
 password-management
tunnel-group AnyConnect webvpn-attributes
 group-alias AnyConnect enable
 group-url https://172.16.130.122/AnyConnect enable
 group-url https://172.17.130.122/AnyConnect enable
T
class-map inspection default
match default-inspection-traffic
T
policy-map type inspect dns preset dns map
 parameters
 message-length maximum client auto
  message-length maximum 512
policy-map global policy
 class inspection default
  inspect dns preset dns map
  inspect ftp
  inspect h323 h225
```

```
inspect h323 ras
  inspect ip-options
  inspect netbios
 inspect rsh
 inspect rtsp
 inspect skinny
 inspect esmtp
 inspect sqlnet
 inspect sunrpc
 inspect tftp
 inspect sip
 inspect xdmcp
!
service-policy global_policy global
prompt hostname context
: end
```

## Appendix C: Changes

This appendix summarizes the changes Cisco made to this guide since its last edition.

- We upgraded the Cisco ASA software to 9.1(5).
- We upgraded the Cisco ASDM software to 7.1(6).
- We made minor modifications to improve the clarity of this guide.

## Feedback

Please use the feedback form to send comments and suggestions about this guide.

Americas Headquarters Cisco Systems, Inc. San Jose, CA Asia Pacific Headquarters Cisco Systems (USA) Pte. Ltd. Singapore Europe Headquarters Cisco Systems International BV Amsterdam, The Netherlands

Cisco has more than 200 offices worldwide. Addresses, phone numbers, and fax numbers are listed on the Cisco Website at www.cisco.com/go/offices.

ALL DESIGNS, SPECIFICATIONS, STATEMENTS, INFORMATION, AND RECOMMENDATIONS (COLLECTIVELY, "DESIGNS") IN THIS MANUAL ARE PRESENTED "AS IS," WITH ALL FAULTS. CISCO AND ITS SUPPLIERS DISCLAIM ALL WARRANTIES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, THE WARRANTY OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE AND NONINFRINGEMENT OR ARISING FROM A COURSE OF DEALING, USAGE, OR TRADE PRACTICE. IN NO EVENT SHALL CISCO OR ITS SUPPLIERS BE LIABLE FOR ANY INDIRECT, SPECIAL, CONSEQUENTIAL, OR INCIDENTAL DAMAGES, INCLUDING, WITHOUT LIMITATION, LOST PROFITS OR LOSS OR DAMAGE TO DATA ARISING OUT OF THE USE OR INABILITY TO USE THE DESIGNS, EVEN IF CISCO OR ITS SUPPLIERS HAVE BEEN ADVISED OF THE POSSIBILITY OF SUCH DAMAGES. THE DESIGNS ARE SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE. USERS ARE SOLELY RESPONSIBLE FOR THEIR APPLICATION OF THE DESIGNS. THE DESIGNS DO NOT CONSTITUTE THE TECHNICAL OR OTHER PROFESSIONAL ADVICE OF CISCO, ITS SUPPLIERS OR PARTNERS. SHOULD CONSULT THEIR OWN TECHNICAL ADVISORS BEFORE IMPLEMENTING THE DESIGNS. RESULTS MAY VARY DEPENDING ON FACTORS NOT TESTED BY CISCO.

Any Internet Protocol (IP) addresses used in this document are not intended to be actual addresses. Any examples, command display output, and figures included in the document are shown for illustrative purposes only. Any use of actual IP addresses in illustrative content is unintentional and coincidental.

© 2014 Cisco Systems, Inc. All rights reserved.

Cisco and the Cisco logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of Cisco and/or its affiliates in the U.S. and other countries. To view a list of Cisco trademarks, go to this URL: www.cisco.com/go/trademarks. Third-party trademarks mentioned are the property of their respective owners. The use of the word partner does not imply a partnership relationship between Cisco and any other company. (1110R)